# Looking after your Kitten



#### © Deposit photos - levilevi

#### 6-12 Weeks of age:

- ☐ 6 week worming dose
- 8 week worming dose
- ☐ First vaccination after 8 weeks of age
- ☐ 10 week worming dose
- ☐ First application of flea/tick prevention
- ☐ Compulsory micro-chipping
- ☐ Meals at least 3 times daily with kitten food

### 3-6 months of age:

- ☐ 12 week worming dose
- ☐ Second vaccination
- ☐ Meals at least 2 times daily with kitten food
- ☐ 12 week flea/tick prevention application
- ☐ Top-up fortnightly tick prevention application
- 4 month worming dose
- 4 month flea/tick prevention application
- ☐ Top-up fortnightly tick prevention application
- ☐ 5 month worming dose
- 5 month flea/tick prevention application
- ☐ Top-up fortnightly tick prevention application

## 6 months of age onwards:

- Desexing
- ☐ 6 month worming dose (every 3 months from now on)
- ☐ Meals can be once a day, swap from kitten food after desexing
- Monthly flea/tick prevention application
- ☐ Top-up fortnightly tick prevention application

#### General Care:

- Fresh clean water should be available at all times, even though you may not see your cat drinking
- Shelter from the weather is essential
- Dry bedding should be provided
- To help keep teeth & gums healthy and **prevent dental disease**: should be fed **dry food** and/or raw **chicken wings**.
- Long-haired cats should be **groomed** regularly, and all cats should be regularly **checked for ticks** during tick season (late **August-January**)
- Monitor your cat's **weight**: most cats will regulate what they eat, but some will not. Obesity can predispose to Diabetes and arthtitis.
- Bells should be fitted on easy-release collars to help prevent your cat hunting wildlife
- It is recommended to keep your cat **indoors** at night to prevent your cat roaming and fighting.

